COSTS TO THE ECONOMY

"What this case is really about is an industry...that survives, and profits, from selling a highly addictive product which causes diseases that lead to a staggering number of deaths per year, an immeasurable amount of human suffering and economic loss, and a profound burden on our national health care system."

—JUDGE GLADYS KESSLER, UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, AUGUST 17, 2006

Description of the second seco

CHAPTER

Tobacco's economic costs extend beyond the direct costs of tobacco-related death and related productivity losses. Other costs include health-care expenditures for active and passive smokers, employee absenteeism and reduced labor productivity, fire damage due to careless smokers, increased cleaning costs, and widespread environmental harm from large-scale deforestation, pesticide and fertilizer contamination, and discarded litter. Tobacco's total economic costs reduce national wealth in terms of gross domestic product (GDP) by as much as 3.6 percent.

Tobacco is an important cash crop in very few countries. The Framework Convention on Tobacco Control recommends that countries shift away from tobacco agriculture to economically viable alternatives. Progressive public policies encourage tobacco farmers and workers involved in cigarette manufacturing and distribution to transition into other industries that improve overall public health and welfare without sacrificing livelihoods or creating undue hardship. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA SIGT,000 MEXICO MEXICO MEXICO MEXICO VENEZUEIA Reflecting 5.23 years of life rost for the average smokerfor the average sm

CANADA \$16,996

TOTAL ECONOMIC COST OF TOBACCO AS PERCENTAGE OF GDP FOR HIGH-INCOME AND MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES 2005 or latest available data



COST OF FIRES CAUSED BY SMOKING, SELECTED COUNTRIES

JRUGUAY \$130

	United States (2005)*	Canada (2002)	United Kingdom (2005)	Japan (2003)	Worldwide (2000)**
Number of fires	82,400	7,700	3,200	3,300	1.1 million
Deaths	800	140	140	230	17,300
Injuries	1,660	470	1,100	No data	60,000
Property damage (US\$)	\$575 million		No data	\$89 million	\$27 billion

 \ast One-fourth of all structure fire deaths involved smoking materials / \ast Ten percent of all fire deaths





DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS TO THE ECONOMY BY COUNTRY 2007 or latest available data

	COUNTRY	DIRECT COSTS MILLIONS OF US\$
	ARGENTINA	2,200.00
	BARBADOS	20.53
	BRAZIL	55.56
	CHILE	1,140.00
2	FINLAND	239.63
	INDIA	7,200.00
	MEXICO	627.80
1	MYANMAR	13.94
1	NEW ZEALAND	165.65
1	NIGERIA	590.93
	SPAIN	220.62
	THAILAND	977.39
	UNITED KINGDOM	2,655.48
	VENEZUELA	409.07
	VIETNAM	77.50

COUNTRY	INDIRECT COSTS MILLIONS OF US\$
BANGLADESH	652.86
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA	904.00
GUINEA	293.00
IRELAND	980.06
KENYA	1,500.00
MONGOLIA	158.00
NAMIBIA	461.00
NAURU	5.10
RUSSIAN FEDERATION	24,700.00
SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE	7.50
SERBIA & MONTENEGRO	2,800.00
TURKEY	22.40
UKRAINE	3,000.00
YEMEN	1,000.00